

## Bacteria:

Pseudomonas aeruginosa [Pseudomonas]  
 Staphylococcus aureus [Staph]  
 Salmonella enterica [Salmonella]  
 Acinetobacter baumannii [Acinetobacter]  
 Burkholderia cepacia  
 Campylobacter jejuni [Campylobacter]  
 Corynebacterium ammoniagenes  
 Enterobacter aerogenes  
 Enterobacter cloacae NDM-1 Enterococcus faecalis [Enterococcus]  
 Enterococcus faecalis - Vancomycin resistant [VRE]  
 Escherichia coli [E. coli]  
 Escherichia coli, New Delhi Metallo-Beta Lactamase (NDM-1)  
 ESBL Escherichia coli - [Extended spectrum beta-lactamase producing E. coli]  
 Klebsiella pneumoniae [Klebsiella]  
 Klebsiella pneumoniae - NDM-1 positive  
 Legionella pneumophila  
 Listeria monocytogenes [Listeria]  
 Salmonella schottmuelleri [Salmonella]  
 Salmonella typhi [Salmonella]  
 Serratia marcescens Shigella dysenteriae [Shigella]  
 Staphylococcus aureus - Community Associated Methicillin-Resistant [CA-MRSA] [NRS384] [USA300]  
 Staphylococcus aureus - Community Associated Methicillin-Resistant [CA-MRSA] [NRS123] [USA400]  
 Staphylococcus aureus -Methicillin-Resistant [MRSA]  
 Staphylococcus aureus -Multi-Drug Resistant [resistant to tetracycline [Tc], penicillin [Pc], streptomycin [Sm] and erythromycin [Em] and susceptible to chloramphenicol [Cm] invitro]  
 Staphylococcus aureus - Vancomycin Intermediate Resistant -[VISA]  
 Streptococcus pyogenes [Strep] [a cause of scarlet fever]  
 Vibrio cholerae

## Viruses:

Hepatitis B Virus [HBV]  
 Hepatitis C Virus [HCV]  
 Herpes Simplex Virus Type 1 [Herpes]  
 Herpes Simplex Virus Type 2 [Herpes]  
 HIV-1 [the AIDS Virus]  
 Human Coronavirus  
 Influenza Virus Type A / Brazil [Influenza]  
 Influenza Virus Type A / Hong Kong [Influenza]  
 2013 Influenza A Virus (H7N9) Respiratory  
 Syncytial Virus [RSV] SARS Associated  
 Coronavirus [SARS] [cause of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome] Vaccinia [Pox Virus]  
 Adenovirus Type 5 [Adenovirus]  
 Adenovirus Type 7 Norwalk Virus [Feline Calicivirus] [Norovirus]  
 Rotavirus

## Animal viruses:

Avian Infectious  
 Bronchitis Virus  
 Avian Influenza virus (H3N2) Avian Influenza virus (H5N1) Canine distemper virus  
 Feline calicivirus  
 Feline Panleukopenia Virus Murine Norovirus  
 Newcastle's Disease virus Pseudorabies virus

## Fungi:

Aspergillus niger  
 Aspergillus fumigatus  
 Trichophyton mentagrophytes [the Athlete's Foot Fungus]  
 [A cause of Ringworm]

- MAPS-1 RTU has demonstrated effectiveness against influenza A virus and is expected to inactivate all influenza A viruses including Pandemic 2009 H1N1 influenza A virus.
- MAPS-1 RTU has demonstrated effectiveness against viruses similar to SARS-CoV-2, a novel coronavirus, on hard, non-porous surfaces. Therefore, MAPS-1 RTU can be used against SARSCoV-2 when used in accordance with the directions for use against Norovirus on hard, nonporous surfaces.
- Refer to the CDC website for additional information:  
<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/index.html>

